



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/706,419 | 11/12/2003 | Paul D. Stultz | 016295.1471 | 6796 |

7590

08/11/2005

Roger Fulghum
Baker Botts L.L.P.
One Shell Plaza
910 Louisiana Street
Houston, TX 77002-4995

EXAMINER

DALEY, CHRISTOPHER ANTHONY

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2111

DATE MAILED: 08/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/706,419

Applicant(s)

STULTZ, PAUL D.

Examiner

Christopher A. Daley

Art Unit

2111

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 November 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 13 November 2003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 – 20 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1 – 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Goodman et al (US6282601), hereinafter Goodman.

4. As to claim 1, Goodman discloses an information handling system, comprising: a plurality of processors coupled to a processor bus; (Goodman teaches in figure 1 of a plurality of processors 12a, 12b ... 12n, COL. 3, lines 1 - 10)

and a memory;(Goodman teaches of a system memory 16 in figure 1, COL. 3, lines 1 - 10)

wherein each of the processors is operable to enter an interrupt mode and wherein a uniquely addressable semaphore in memory is associated with each processor and indicates whether the associated processor is in interrupt mode. (Goodman teaches of each processor comprising a unique signature. Whenever an interrupt request is made, the interrupt hardware 60 of figure 1, does a compare of this signature and the unique SMI register 62 of figure 1. If there is a match, then the request of the unique requesting processor is honored as illustrated in figure 4, COL. 4, lines 54 – 67).

Art Unit: 2111

5. As to claim 2, Goodman discloses the information handling system, wherein each of the semaphores is stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator. (Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

6. As to claim 3, Goodman discloses the information handling system, wherein each processor is operable to access the semaphore associated with the other processors of the information handling system. (Goodman teaches that a predetermined signature for each processor is stored in the SMI memory register 78 and is read-accessible, COL. 4, lines 9 – 10).

7. As to claim 4, Goodman discloses the information handling system, wherein each processor is operable to access the semaphores associated with the processors of the information handling system on a non-exclusive basis. (Goodman teaches that each process has said access to register 78 that comprises the semaphores, COL. 4, lines 9 – 10).

8. As to claim 5, Goodman discloses the information handling system, wherein the memory location associated with the storage of the semaphores associated with the processors of the information handling system is memory space dedicated to storing data associated with the entry of the processors into interrupt mode. (Goodman teaches

said memory space allocation for interrupt sequences, such as power-on self test, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

9. As to claim 6, Goodman discloses the information handling system, wherein the interrupt mode is system management interrupt mode. (Goodman teaches of the interrupt mode is said mode, COL. 3, lines 42 – 45).

As to claim 7, Goodman discloses the information handling system of claim 1, wherein the interrupt mode is system management interrupt mode; wherein the semaphore associated with a processor is stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator associated with the processor; (Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

and wherein each processor is operable to access the semaphore associated with the other processors of the information handling system on a non-exclusive basis. .

(Goodman teaches that each process has said access to register 78 that comprises the semaphores, COL. 4, lines 9 – 10).

10. As to claim 8, Goodman discloses a method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system, comprising the steps of: for each processor, entering interrupt mode; (Goodman teaches that each processor enters the interrupt mode from the assertion of an SMI interrupt to all processors, COL. 4, lines 54 – 56)

for each processor, setting a semaphore associated with the processor to indicate that the processor is in interrupt mode, wherein a uniquely addressable semaphore is associated with each processor; (Goodman teaches that each processor has associated with it a unique, addressable semaphore for the interrupt handling processor, performing the tasks necessary to resolve the interrupt and negating the semaphore associated with the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system; (Goodman teaches in figure 4 of the selection of the interrupting semaphore with the correct signature (semaphore) in step 128)

and for each non-interrupt handling processors, exiting interrupt mode up following the negation of the semaphore associated with the processor. (Goodman teaches of restoring the state of the non-interrupting processors in step 130 of figure 4).

11. As to claim 9, Goodman discloses the method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system, wherein the step of setting a semaphore for each processor comprises the step of setting the semaphore for each processor on a non-exclusive basis. (Goodman teaches of a multiple processor system includes the step of setting a semaphore for each processor by interrupting all processors, COL. 4, lines 54 - 56).

12. As to claim 10, Goodman discloses the method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system, wherein the step of negating the semaphores of the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system comprises the step of

negating the semaphores of the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system on a non-exclusive basis. (Goodman teaches of said step in step 128 of figure 4, where a comparison of the semaphore of each processor is checked against that of the request of the interrupt hardware).

13. As to claim 11, Goodman discloses the method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system of claim 8, wherein the interrupt is a system management interrupt. (Goodman teaches of the interrupt mode is said mode, COL. 3, lines 42 – 45).

14. As to claim 12, Goodman discloses the method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system of claim 8, wherein each of the semaphores are stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator. (Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

15. As to claim 13, Goodman discloses the method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system of claim 8, wherein the step of setting a semaphore for each processor comprises the step of setting the semaphore for each processor on a non-exclusive basis; (Goodman teaches of a multiple processor system includes the

Art Unit: 2111

step of setting a semaphore for each processor by interrupting all processors, COL. 4, lines 54 - 56).

wherein the step of negating the semaphores of the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system comprises the step of negating the semaphores of the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system on a non-exclusive basis; (Goodman teaches of said step in step 128 of figure 4, where a comparison of the semaphore of each processor is checked against that of the request of the interrupt hardware).

and wherein each of the semaphores are stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator.

(Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

16. As to claim 14, Goodman discloses the method for processing an interrupt in a multiple processor computer system of claim 8, wherein the interrupt is a system management interrupt; (Goodman teaches of the interrupt mode is said mode, COL. 3, lines 42 – 45).

wherein the step of setting a semaphore for each processor comprises the step of setting the semaphore for each processor on a non-exclusive basis; wherein the step of negating the semaphores of the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system comprises the step of negating the semaphores of the non-interrupt handling processors of the computer system on a non-exclusive basis; (Goodman teaches of a

multiple processor system includes the step of setting a semaphore for each processor by interrupting all processors, COL. 4, lines 54 - 56).

and wherein each of the semaphores is stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator.

(Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

17. As to claim 15, Goodman discloses a computer system, comprising: a plurality of processors;

a memory; (Goodman teaches in figure 1 of a plurality of processors 12a, 12b ... 12n, COL. 3, lines 1 - 10)

and a memory;(Goodman teaches of a system memory 16 in figure 1, COL. 3, lines 1 - 10)

wherein the architecture of the processors and the memory is a non-uniform memory access architecture; (Goodman teaches of the support other multiple computer systems comprising numa architecture machines , COL. 2, lines 55 – 67)

and wherein each of the processors is operable to enter an interrupt mode and wherein a uniquely addressable semaphore in memory is associated with each processor and indicates whether the associated processor is in interrupt mode.

(Goodman teaches of each processor comprising a unique signature. Whenever an interrupt request is made, the interrupt hardware 60 of figure 1, does a compare of this signature and the unique SMI register 62 of figure 1. If there is a match, then the

Art Unit: 2111

request of the unique requesting processor is honored as illustrated in figure 4, COL. 4, lines 54 – 67).

18. As to claim 16, Goodman discloses the computer system of claim 15, wherein the interrupt mode is associated with a system management interrupt. (Goodman teaches of the interrupt mode is said mode, COL. 3, lines 42 – 45).

19. As to claim 17, Goodman discloses the computer system of claim 16, wherein each of the semaphores is stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator. (Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

20. As to claim 18, Goodman discloses the computer system of claim 17, wherein the memory location associated with the storage of the semaphores is memory space dedicated to storing data associated with the entry of the processors into interrupt mode. (Goodman teaches said memory space allocation for interrupt sequences, such as power-on self test, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

21. As to claim 19, Goodman discloses the computer system of claim 16, wherein the semaphores may be accessed by each of the processors on a non-exclusive basis.

Art Unit: 2111

(Goodman teaches that each process has said access to register 78 that comprises the semaphores, COL. 4, lines 9 – 10).

22. As to claim 20, Goodman discloses the computer system of claim 16, wherein the semaphores may be accessed by each of the processors on a non-exclusive basis; (Goodman teaches that each process has said access to register 78 that comprises the semaphores, COL. 4, lines 9 – 10).

and wherein each of the semaphores is stored in a memory location that is offset from a base memory location by a unique offset indicator. (Goodman teaches that the semaphores are stored in register file 78 of figure 2 in unique multiple subsets, COL. 4, lines 10 – 18).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher A. Daley whose telephone number is 571 272 3625. The examiner can normally be reached on 9 am. - 4p m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Rinehart can be reached on 571 272 3632. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2111

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



CAD
08/01/2005



TIM VO
PRIMARY EXAMINER